

# New York State Environmental Quality Review Act (SEQRA) and New Regs

A Division of New York Department of State

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Part 617 of
Environmental
Conservation
Law:
Incorporate

consideration of environmental factors into an agency's decision making process at earliest possible time



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#### Resources or characteristics affected by action

- Resources of agricultural, archeological, historic or aesthetic significance
- Existing patterns of population concentration distribution or growth
- Existing community or neighborhood character
- Human health

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- Land
- Water
- Minerals
- Flora
- Fauna
- Noise
- ViewshedDark Skies
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#### What are "actions?"

All are subject to SEQRA consideration:

- Undertaking, funding or approving projects or physical activities (discretionary actions)
- · Planning & policy making activities
- · Adopting rules, regulations & procedures
- · Any combination above

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How SEQRA works

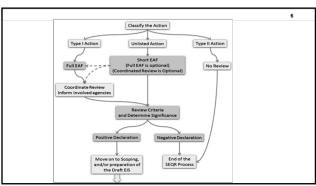
- · Agency proposes action or receives application
- Action classified\*
- · Lead agency established
- Significance of action determined\*
- · Environmental Impact Statement (EIS), if needed
- · Findings and agency decision\*

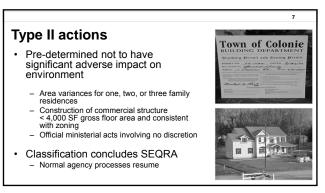
\*SEQRA process can conclude at any of these points

Points

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Type I actions

Carry presumption of significant adverse impact on environment

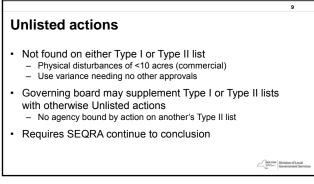
More likely to be issued positive declaration & require preparation of EIS

Requires that SEQRA continue until its conclusion

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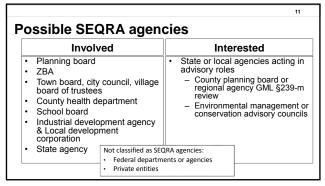
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Agencies

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Agency to propose action, or first receive application must contact all involved agencies
 Distribute EAF Part 1 & application
 Inform that lead agency must be established

 Lead agency must be established within 30 days

 Once established, lead agency must make determination of significance within 20 days
 GML §239-m review need not be concluded prior (full statement: EAF Part 1 & all materials submitted)

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SEQR must conclude before statutory decisions

Negative Declaration (or Conditioned Negative Declaration)

Positive Declaration and Environmental Impact Statement

**Before** 

Law changes, subdivision, site plan, special use permit decisions



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"Complete application"

· Local submission requirements are satisfied for Type I or Unlisted action, and:

- Negative declaration (or CND) has been issued; or
- Positive declaration
  - Draft EIS has been accepted as satisfactory
- 6 NYCRR Part 617.3(c)
- · Once complete, hearing must be held within 62 days
  - Subdivision, special use permit, site plan

Subdivision

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SEQR process directly incorporated into preliminary & final plat approvals

- Town Law §276
- Village Law §7-728
- General City Law §32
- Timing for decisions differs depending on if
- Planning board acts or does not act as lead agency
- EIS required or not



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**Negative declaration** 

Part 617.7 (a)(2)

- · Analysis of adverse environmental impacts concludes:
  - No likely impacts identified; or
  - None identified are significant; or
  - Identified significant impacts are mitigated
- Written determination must include reason behind conclusions
- · Incorporate into any subsequent legal notices

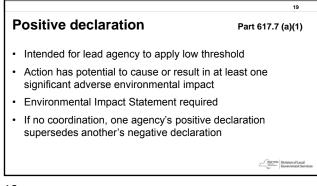
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□Conditioned negative declaration

- Criteria for CND determination
  - Only for Unlisted actions
  - Full EAF required
  - Coordinated review required
- May issue if imposed conditions will mitigate or avoid significant
- Publish notice in ENB; provide at least 30 days for public comment
- Must be rescinded and reissued as positive declaration if substantive comments identify that mitigation may not be accomplished

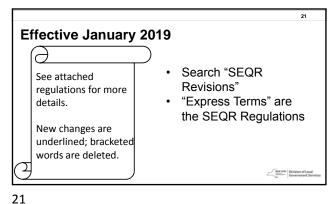
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Why were SEQR updates needed?

• Need: Regulations were last revised in 1995

 Goal: Streamline regulatory process for uses not harmful to the environment that didn't exist when regs were last updated

· Generic EIS and findings explain changes

**Overview of Changes** 

- Type I List
- Type II List
- EIS Scoping
- · EIS Preparation
- · Posting of the Scope and EIS

Type I List

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Lowered thresholds for residential subdivisions

- Added threshold for parking spaces in smaller communities
- Align threshold for historic properties with other sensitive resources and adds "eligible" historic properties
- Eligible properties will now appear on EAF Mapper

Type II List Upgrading buildings to meet state energy code · Green infrastructure Installation of telecommunications cables in ROWs with trenchless burial or use of existing poles Conveyances of land in connection with 1-3 family residence Solar (on rooftops, landfills, brownfield and Superfund sites, wastewater treatment facilities, parking lots/garages and industrial areas) · Lot line adjustments

Type II List, continued

· Reuse of a commercial or residential structure

- GML §§ 239-m or 239-n planning recommendations
- · Acquisition/dedication of parkland or conservation easement
- · Conveyance of property by public auction
- · Organic digesters at operating municipal landfills

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**Environmental Assessment Form** Short EAF Full "Long" EAF · Unlisted Actions at lead Unlisted Actions at lead agency's discretion agency's discretion 4 pages in length Mandatory for Type I - Previously 2 Actions 25 pages in length - Previously 21

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#### Both full and short forms

- · Part 1: Project information (Project sponsor completes)
- · Part 2: Impacts and their magnitude (Lead Agency completes)
- Part 3: Evaluation of moderate to large impacts identified in Part 2 (Lead Agency completes; Statement of Significance)

Procedural compliance

- · Public hearing after negative declaration or after DEIS if positive declaration
- Integration with other reviews where appropriate once application is complete
  - Draft EIS public hearing 617.3 (c)
- SEQR is often triggered by local review requirements but it does not substitute for local regulations. Local review and SEQR are separate processes.

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**Uncoordinated review** 

Part 617.6 (b)(4)

Unlisted actions only

- · No lead agency
- Each agency acts independently and issues individual determinations of significance
- If any one agency issues a positive declaration then:
  - All involved agencies must coordinate
  - Negative declarations issued by other agencies are superseded
  - Exception: other agency already made final decision

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Coordinated review

Part 617.6 (b)(3)

One integrated environmental review

- Lead agency administratively responsible for conducting review process until its completion
- Other involved agencies may assist lead by providing information and comments
- · Lead Agency responsibility cannot be delegated

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Criteria for determining significance Part 617.7(c)

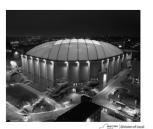
Adverse changes to the environment

- Reduction of wildlife habitat
- Hazard to human health
- Substantial change in use of land
- Conflict with adopted community plans or goals
- · Impairment of "community character"



Substantive compliance

- Consider and evaluate all potential impacts
- Take a "hard look"
  H.O.M.E.S. v NYS UDC (1979)
  - Record written reasons
- Record written reasons why impact(s):
  - May be significant; or
- Will not be significant



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#### **Avoid segmentation**

"Whole action": all components, phases, or aspects of proposal

- · Rezoning for specific project
- · Phased projects
- · Commercial or industrial parks
- · Some subdivisions
- · Sale of property

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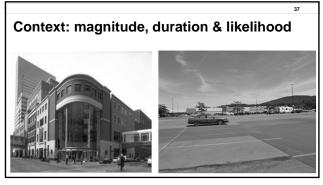
· Road and highway projects

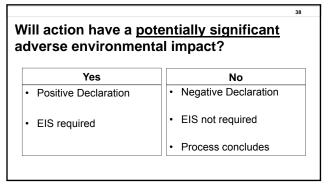


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**Evaluate impacts in context** Magnitude Duration Likelihood Short-term Unlikely to occur Moderate Medium-term Possibly will (localized) occur Long-term Large (severe) Probably will Irreversible occur

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Environmental Impact Statement

Part 617.2(n

Disclosure document:

- that lets agencies, project sponsors & public systematically consider significant adverse environmental impacts, alternatives & mitigation

- weighs social, economic & environmental factors early in planning & decision-making process

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# Scoping the Draft EIS • Focus on significant issues • Identify what information is needed • Eliminate non-significant issues • Identify alternatives • Identify mitigation measures • Opportunity for other agency and public input

Amendment to SEQR Regs Requiring Scoping
 With the adopting of the new SEQR regs, scoping is now required for all EISs (similar to Federal and NYC requirements) except for supplemental EISs
 Project sponsor must incorporate late-filed comments on scope into DEIS or in appendix to DEIS

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Generic EIS
Part 617.10

Broader & more general than site/project specific EIS

Should discuss logic & rationale for choices/options

May include assessment of specific impacts

May be conceptually based in some cases

May identify important natural resources, existing & projected cultural features, patterns & character

May discuss constraints & consequences of hypothetical

Preparation of draft EIS (DEIS) Parts 617.9 & 617.13

- · Initial statement circulated for review & comment
- Prepared by project sponsor or delegated to lead agency
- However, lead agency must determine adequacy of DEIS for public review within 45 days; 30 days for re-submission
- Lead agency may charge applicant fees to recover actual costs for either DEIS/FEIS preparation or review, but not both

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scenarios that could occur

Amendment to SEQR Regs: EIS Preparation

- Procedures have been clarified to define when a DEIS is adequate for public review
- Where relevant, DEIS must evaluate measures to avoid or reduce an action's impact on climate change and associated impacts of flooding and sea level rise.

**Preparation of FEIS** 

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- Lead agency responsible for completion within:
  - 45 days after public hearing, or;
  - 60 days after DEIS notice of completion if no public hearing
- Notice of completion begins 10+ day period for involved agencies and public to consider FEIS
  - Lead agency may issue written findings afterwards
- Notice of Completion of Draft/Final EIS

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Final EIS (FEIS) content

Part 617.9 (b)(8)

- Revised Draft EIS
- · Supplements, if applicable
- · All comments received
- · Lead agency's responses to substantive comments

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Amendments to SEQR: Posting Scope and EIS

- Draft and final scopes must be noticed in the Environmental Notice Bulletin
- Draft and finals scopes, as well as draft, final and supplemental EISs must be posted on a publicly available website

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**Decision-making and findings** 

- Findings must:

   Consider information in FEIS

   Balance environmental factors
- Provide rationale for decisions
- Certify rules have been followed
- Certify chosen alternative mitigates adverse environmental impacts to extent possible
- · Findings & final decision may be made concurrently
- SEQR Findings Form

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Division of Local Government (518) 473-3355

www.dos.ny.gov/lg/index.html

**New York Department of Environmental** Conservation

Division of Environmental Permits (518) 402-9167 www.dec.ny.gov/permits/357.html

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#### § 617.4 Type I actions

- (a) The purpose of the list of Type I actions in this section is to identify, for agencies, project sponsors and the public, those actions and projects that are more likely to require the preparation of an EIS than Unlisted actions. All agencies are subject to this Type I list.
- (1) This Type I list is not exhaustive of those actions that an agency determines may have a significant adverse impact on the environment and requires the preparation of an EIS. However, the fact that an action or project has been listed as a Type I action carries with it the presumption that it is likely to have a significant adverse impact on the environment and may require an EIS. For all individual actions which are Type I or Unlisted, the determination of significance must be made by comparing the impacts which may be reasonably expected to result from the proposed action with the criteria listed in section 617.7(c) of this Part.
- (2) Agencies may adopt their own lists of additional Type I actions, may adjust the thresholds to make them more inclusive, and may continue to use previously adopted lists of Type I actions to complement those contained in this section. Designation of a Type I action by one involved agency requires coordinated review by all involved agencies. An agency may not designate as Type I any action identified as Type II in section 617.5 of this Part.
- (b) The following actions are Type I if they are to be directly undertaken, funded or approved by an agency:
- (1) the adoption of a municipality's land use plan, the adoption by any agency of a comprehensive resource management plan or the initial adoption of a municipality's comprehensive zoning regulations;
- (2) the adoption of changes in the allowable uses within any zoning district, affecting 25 or more acres of the district;
- (3) the granting of a zoning change, at the request of an applicant, for an action that meets or exceeds one or more of the thresholds given elsewhere in this list;
- (4) the acquisition, sale, lease, annexation or other transfer of 100 or more contiguous acres of land by a state or local agency;

- (5) construction of new residential units that meet or exceed the following thresholds:
- (i) 10 units in municipalities that have not adopted zoning or subdivision regulations;
- (ii) 50 units not to be connected (at the commencement of habitation) to existing community or public water and sewerage systems including sewage treatment works;
- (iii) in a city, town or village having a population of [less than] 150,000 persons or less, [250] 200 units to be connected (at the commencement of habitation) to existing community or public water and sewerage systems including sewage treatment works;
- (iv) in a city, town or village having a population of greater than 150,000 <u>persons</u> but less than 1,000,000 <u>persons</u>, [1,000] <u>500</u> units to be connected (at the commencement of habitation) to existing community or public water and sewerage systems including sewage treatment works; or
- (v) in a city or town having a population of [greater than] 1,000,000 or more persons, [2,500] 1000 units to be connected (at the commencement of habitation) to existing community or public water and sewerage systems including sewage treatment works;
- (6) activities, other than the construction of residential facilities, that meet or exceed any of the following thresholds; or the expansion of existing nonresidential facilities by more than 50 percent of any of the following thresholds:
  - (i) a project or action that involves the physical alteration of 10 acres;
- (ii) a project or action that would use ground or surface water in excess of 2,000,000 gallons per day;
- (iii) parking for 500 vehicles in a city, town or village having a population of 150,000 persons or less;
- [iii] <u>(iv)</u> parking for 1,000 vehicles <u>in a city</u>, town or village having a population of more than 150,000 persons;
- [iv] (v) in a city, town or village having a population of 150,000 persons or less, a facility with more than 100,000 square feet of gross floor area;
- [v] (vi) in a city, town or village having a population of more than 150,000 persons, a facility with more than 240,000 square feet of gross floor area;
- (7) any structure exceeding 100 feet above original ground level in a locality without any zoning regulation pertaining to height;

- (8) any Unlisted action that includes a nonagricultural use occurring wholly or partially within an agricultural district (certified pursuant to Agriculture and Markets Law, article 25-AA, sections 303 and 304) and exceeds 25 percent of any threshold established in this section;
- (9) any Unlisted action (unless the action is designed for the preservation of the facility or site), that exceeds 25 percent of any threshold established in this section, occurring wholly or partially within, or substantially contiguous to, any historic building, structure, facility, site or district or prehistoric site that is listed on the National Register of Historic Places (Volume 36 of the Code of Federal Regulations, parts 60 and 63, which is incorporated by reference pursuant to section 617.17 of this Part), or that [has been proposed by the New York State Board on Historic Preservation for a recommendation to the State Historic Preservation Officer for nomination for inclusion in the National Register, or that] is listed on the State Register of Historic Places or that has been determined by the Commissioner of the Office of Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation to be eligible for listing on the State Register of Historic Places pursuant to sections 14.07 or 14.09 of the Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation Law [(The National Register of Historic Places is established by 36 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Parts 60 and 63, 1994 (see section 617.17 of this Part))];
- (10) any Unlisted action, that exceeds 25 percent of any threshold in this section, occurring wholly or partially within or substantially contiguous to any publicly owned or operated parkland, recreation area or designated open space, including any site on the Register of National Natural Landmarks pursuant to 36 CFR part 62[, 1994] ([see] which is incorporated by reference pursuant to section 617.17 of this Part); or
- (11) any Unlisted action that exceeds a Type I threshold established by an involved agency pursuant to section 617.14 of this Part.

#### § 617.5 Type II Actions

- (a) Actions or classes of actions identified in subdivision (c) of this section are not subject to review under this Part, except as otherwise provided in this section. These actions have been determined not to have a significant impact on the environment or are otherwise precluded from environmental review under Environmental Conservation Law, article 8. The actions identified in subdivision (c) of this section apply to all agencies.
- (b) Each agency may adopt its own list of Type II actions to supplement the actions in subdivision (c) of this section. No agency is bound by an action on another agency's Type II list. The fact that an action is identified as a Type II action in an agency's procedures does not mean that it must be treated as a Type II action by any other involved agency not identifying it as a Type II action in its procedures.

An agency that identifies an action as not requiring any determination or procedure under this Part is not an involved agency. Each of the actions on an agency Type II list must:

- (1) in no case, have a significant adverse impact on the environment based on the criteria contained in section 617.7(c) of this Part; and
  - (2) not be a Type I action as defined in section 617.4 of this Part.
  - (c) The following actions are not subject to review under this Part:
- (1) maintenance or repair involving no substantial changes in an existing structure or facility;
- (2) replacement, rehabilitation or reconstruction of a structure or facility, in kind, on the same site, including upgrading buildings to meet building, <u>energy</u>, or fire codes unless such action meets or exceeds any of the thresholds in section 617.4 of this Part;
- (3) retrofit of an existing structure and its appurtenant areas to incorporate green infrastructure;
- [3] (4) agricultural farm management practices, including construction, maintenance and repair of farm buildings and structures, and land use changes consistent with generally accepted principles of farming;
  - [4] (5) repaving of existing highways not involving the addition of new travel lanes;

- [5] (6) street openings and right-of-way openings for the purpose of repair or maintenance of existing utility facilities;
- (7) installation of telecommunication cables in existing highway or utility rights of way utilizing trenchless burial or aerial placement on existing poles;
  - [6] (8) maintenance of existing landscaping or natural growth;
- [7] (9) construction or expansion of a primary or accessory/appurtenant, non-residential structure or facility involving less than 4,000 square feet of gross floor area and not involving a change in zoning or a use variance and consistent with local land use controls, but not radio communication or microwave transmission facilities;
- [8] (10) routine activities of educational institutions, including expansion of existing facilities by less than 10,000 square feet of gross floor area and school closings, but not changes in use related to such closings;
- [9] (11) construction or expansion of a single-family, a two-family or a three-family residence on an approved lot including provision of necessary utility connections as provided in paragraph [(11)] (13) of this subdivision and the installation, maintenance [and/] or upgrade of a drinking water well [and] or a septic system, or both, and conveyances of land in connection therewith;
- [10] (12) construction, expansion or placement of minor accessory/appurtenant residential structures, including garages, carports, patios, decks, swimming pools, tennis courts, satellite dishes, fences, barns, storage sheds or other buildings not changing land use or density;
- [11] (13) extension of utility distribution facilities, including gas, electric, telephone, cable, water and sewer connections to render service in approved subdivisions or in connection with any action on this list;
- (14) installation of solar energy arrays where such installation involves 25 acres or less of physical alteration on the following sites:
  - (i) closed landfills;
  - (ii) brownfield sites that have received a Brownfield Cleanup Program certificate of completion ("COC") pursuant to ECL § 27-1419 and 6 NYCRR § 375-3.9 or Environmental Restoration Project sites that have received a COC pursuant to 6 NYCRR § 375-4.9, where the COC under either program for a particular site has

- an allowable use of commercial or industrial, provided that the change of use requirements in 6 NYCRR § 375-1.11(d) are complied with:
- (iii) sites that have received an inactive hazardous waste disposal site full liability release or a COC pursuant to 6 NYCRR § 375-2.9, where the Department has determined an allowable use for a particular site is commercial or industrial, provided that the change of use requirements in 6 NYCRR § 375-1.11(d) are complied with;
- (iv) currently disturbed areas at publicly-owned wastewater treatment facilities;
  (v) currently disturbed areas at sites zoned for industrial use; and
  (vi) parking lots or parking garages;
- (15) installation of solar energy arrays on an existing structure provided the structure is not:
  - (i) listed on the National or State Register of Historic Places;
  - (ii) located within a district listed in the National or State Register of Historic Places;
  - (iii) been determined by the Commissioner of the Office of Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation to be eligible for listing on the State Register of Historic Places pursuant to sections 14.07 or 14.09 of the Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation Law; or
  - (iv) within a district that has been determined by the Commissioner of the Office of Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation to be eligible for listing on the State Register of Historic Places pursuant to sections 14.07 or 14.09 of the Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation Law;
  - [12] (16) granting of individual setback and lot line variances and adjustments;
- [13] (17) granting of an area variance[s] for a single-family, two-family or three-family residence:
- (18) reuse of a residential or commercial structure, or of a structure containing mixed residential and commercial uses, where the residential or commercial use is a permitted use under the applicable zoning law or ordinance, including permitted by special use permit, and the action does not meet or exceeds any of the thresholds in section 617.4 of this Part;

- (19) the recommendations of a county or regional planning board or agency pursuant to General Municipal Law sections 239-m or 239-n;
- [14] (20) public or private best forest management ([silvicultural] <u>silviculture</u>) practices on less than 10 acres of land, but not including waste disposal, land clearing not directly related to forest management, clear-cutting or the application of herbicides or pesticides;
- [15] (21) minor temporary uses of land having negligible or no permanent impact on the environment;
  - [16] (22) installation of traffic control devices on existing streets, roads and highways;
- [17] (23) mapping of existing roads, streets, highways, natural resources, land uses and ownership patterns;
- [18] (24) information collection including basic data collection and research, water quality and pollution studies, traffic counts, engineering studies, surveys, subsurface investigations and soils studies that do not commit the agency to undertake, fund or approve any Type I or Unlisted action;
- [19] (25) official acts of a ministerial nature involving no exercise of discretion, including building permits and historic preservation permits where issuance is predicated solely on the applicant's compliance or noncompliance with the relevant local building or preservation code(s);
- [20] (26) routine or continuing agency administration and management, not including new programs or major reordering of priorities that may affect the environment;
- [21] (27) conducting concurrent environmental, engineering, economic, feasibility and other studies and preliminary planning and budgetary processes necessary to the formulation of a proposal for action, provided those activities do not commit the agency to commence, engage in or approve such action;
  - [22] (28) collective bargaining activities;
- [23] (29) investments by or on behalf of agencies or pension or retirement systems, or refinancing existing debt;
- [24] (30) inspections and licensing activities relating to the qualifications of individuals or businesses to engage in their business or profession;

- [25] (31) purchase or sale of furnishings, equipment or supplies, including surplus government property, other than the following: land, radioactive material, pesticides, herbicides, or other hazardous materials;
- [26] (32) license, lease and permit renewals, or transfers of ownership thereof, where there will be no material change in permit conditions or the scope of permitted activities;
- [27] (33) adoption of regulations, policies, procedures and local legislative decisions in connection with any action on this list;
- [28] (34) engaging in review of any part of an application to determine compliance with technical requirements, provided that no such determination entitles or permits the project sponsor to commence the action unless and until all requirements of this Part have been fulfilled;
- [29] (35) civil or criminal enforcement proceedings, whether administrative or judicial, including a particular course of action specifically required to be undertaken pursuant to a judgment or order, or the exercise of prosecutorial discretion;
  - [30] (36) adoption of a moratorium on land development or construction;
  - [31 interpreting] (37) interpretation of an existing code, rule or regulation;
  - [32] (38) designation of local landmarks or their inclusion within historic districts;
- (39) an agency's acquisition and dedication of 25 acres or less of land for parkland, or dedication of land for parkland that was previously acquired, or acquisition of a conservation easement;
- (40) sale and conveyance of real property by public auction pursuant to article 11 of the Real Property Tax Law;
- (41) construction and operation of an anaerobic digester, within currently disturbed areas at an operating publicly-owned landfill, provided the digester has a feedstock capacity of less than 150 wet tons per day, and only produces Class A digestate (as defined in 6 NYCRR § 361-3.7) that can be beneficially used or biogas to generate electricity or to make vehicle fuel, or both;
- [33] (42) emergency actions that are immediately necessary on a limited and temporary basis for the protection or preservation of life, health, property or natural resources, provided that such actions are directly related to the emergency and are performed to cause the least change or disturbance, practicable under the

circumstances, to the environment. Any decision to fund, approve or directly undertake other activities after the emergency has expired is fully subject to the review procedures of this Part;

[34] (43) actions undertaken, funded or approved prior to the effective dates set forth in SEQR (see chapters 228 of the Laws of 1976, 253 of the Laws of 1977 and 460 of the Laws of 1978), except in the case of an action where it is still practicable either to modify the action in such a way as to mitigate potentially adverse environmental impacts, or to choose a feasible or less environmentally damaging alternative, the commissioner may, at the request of any person, or on his own motion, require the preparation of an environmental impact statement; or, in the case of an action where the responsible agency proposed a modification of the action and the modification may result in a significant adverse impact on the environment, an environmental impact statement must be prepared with respect to such modification;

[35] (44) actions requiring a certificate of environmental compatibility and public need under articles VII, VIII, [or] X or 10 of the Public Service Law and the consideration of, granting or denial of any such certificate;

[36] (45) actions subject to the class A or class B regional project jurisdiction of the Adirondack Park Agency or a local government pursuant to sections 807, 808 and 809 of the Executive Law, except class B regional projects subject to review by local government pursuant to section 807 of the Executive Law located within the Lake George Park as defined by subdivision one of section 43-0103 of the Environmental Conservation Law; and

[37] (46) actions of the Legislature and the Governor of the State of New York or of any court, but not actions of local legislative bodies except those local legislative decisions such as rezoning where the local legislative body determines the action will not be entertained.

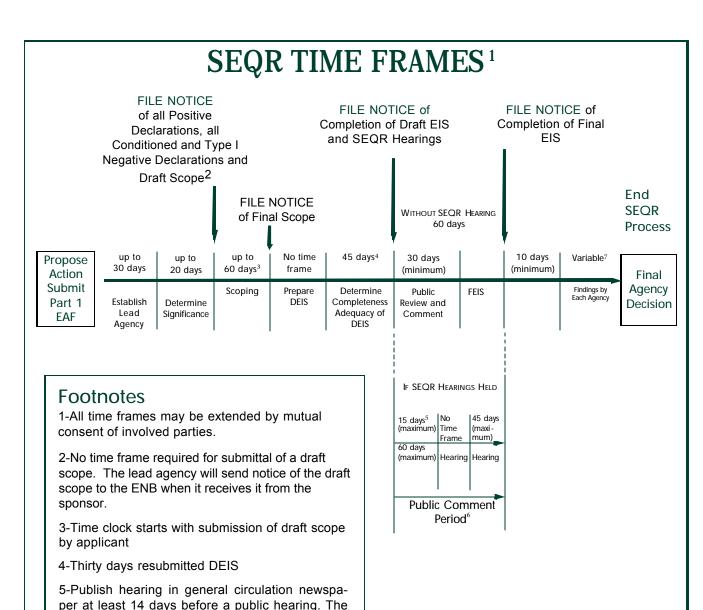
# Appendix

## Summary of Changes to the SEQR Regulations

	o the SEQR Regulations
617.2 - Definitions	A new definition was added for the term "green infrastructure" and non-substantial or conforming changes have been made to six existing definitions ("critical environmental area," "environmental assessment form," "environmental notice bulletin," "positive declaration," "scoping," and "Type II action").
617.4 - Type I List	617.4 (b) (5) (iii), (iv) & (v) – modified this item to lower the numeric threshold for number of new residential units that would trigger a Type I classification. 617.4 (b) (6) (iii) & (iv) – added a new numeric category threshold for smaller communities and modifies the existing threshold for parking that triggers a Type I classification. 617.4 (b) (9) – creates a threshold for when an action that is located wholly or partially within or substantially contiguous to a National Register listed historic site becomes a Type I action and adds properties determined to be eligible for inclusion on the State Register of Historic Sites to the Type I list.
617.5 – Type II List	an existing building to meet energy codes. 617.5 (C) (3) – adds a new express Type II item for retrofit of an existing structure to incorporate green infrastructure. 617.5 (C) (7) – adds a new express Type II item for installation of telecommunications cables in existing highway or utility rights of way. 617.5 (C) (11) [formerly 9] – construction or expansion of a single-family, a two-family or a three-family residence - modified to include the conveyances of land in connection therewith. 617.5 (C) (14) & (15) - added a new express Type II item for installation of up to 25 acres of solar energy arrays on a closed landfill, environmental remediation sites (brownfields, environmental restoration project, and inactive hazardous waste sites), currently disturbed areas at publicly-owned WWTFs,

	currently disturbed areas at sites zoned for industrial use, and parking lots/garages. Installation of solar arrays on certain existing buildings.  617.5 (C) (16) [formerly 12] – Existing Type II for granting of individual setback and lot line variances modified to include lot line adjustments.  617.5 (C) (18) - added a new express Type II category for reuse of a residential or commercial structure, or of a structure containing mixed residential and commercial uses.  617.5 (C) (19) - added a new express Type II category for recommendations of a county or regional planning board or agency pursuant to General Municipal Law sections 239-m or 239-n.  617.5 (C) (39) - added a new express Type II category for an agency's acquisition and dedication of 25 acres or less of land for parkland, or dedication of land for parkland that was previously acquired, or acquisition of a conservation easement.  617.5 (C) (40) - added a new express Type II category for sale and conveyance of real property by public auction.  617.5 (C) (41) - added a new express Type II category for construction and operation of an anaerobic digester, within currently disturbed areas at an operating municipal solid waste landfill.
617.6 – Initial Review of Actions and Establishing lead agency	Removed the language that allows the lead agency to waive the requirement for an EAF.
617.8 - Scoping	617.8 (a) - Modifications were made to make scoping required for all EIS's, except for supplements to EIS's which remains optional. 617.8 (g) [formerly h] – modified this section to require that the project sponsor must incorporate eligible late filed comments on the scope into the DEIS or attach them to an appendix of the DEIS.  Additional non-substantive amendments of a
	procedural nature were also made to other sections of 617.8.
617.9 – Preparation and content of environmental impact statements	617.9 (a) Changes to this section tighten the procedures to define when a DEIS is adequate for public review. 617.9 (b)(5)(iii) – A new clause was added to evaluate measures to avoid or reduce an

047.40	actions impact on climate change and associated impacts of flooding and sea level rise.
617.12 – Document preparation, filing, publication and distribution.	617.12(c) (1) – section was modified to require draft and final scopes be noticed in the ENB; 617.12 (c) (5) – section was modified to add the existing statutory requirement that EIS's be published on a publicly available website and included in this section that draft and final scopes also be published.
	Other non-substantial modification and edits were also made.
617.13 – SEQR Fees	617.13 (e) – section was modified to require lead agencies, upon request, to provide applicants with copies of invoices for work prepared by a consultant in preparing or reviewing an EIS.



SEQR FLOW CHART 2019

hearing may commence on the 15th day.

days after the close of hearing.

action.

6-Public comment must remain open until 10

7-When applicant is involved, lead agency find-

until an agency must make a decision on final

ings and decisions must be made within 30 days

of filing the FEIS; otherwise, findings not required

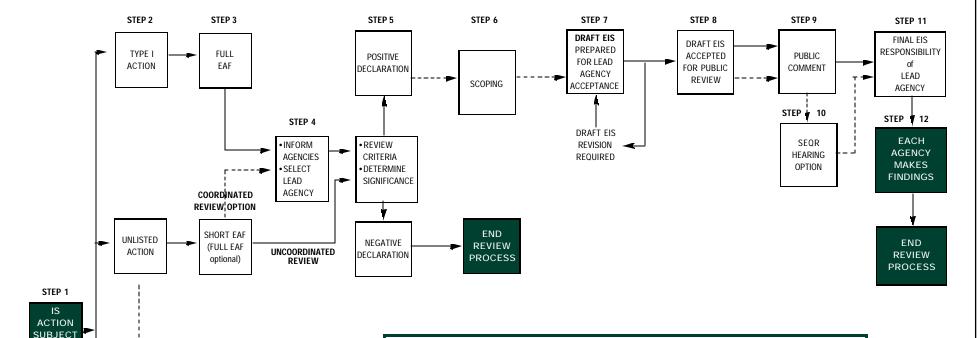
PROCESS
WHICH
FOLLOWS
POSITIVE
DECLARATION CONTINUE WITH BASIC SEOR PROCESS Action By Applicant Unlisted Negative Declaration Conditioned Actions proposed by an applicant) (CND) Comment Period (30 day min.) Public DECLARATION Negative Declaration (Given Notice) Conditioned mitigating conditions tions. Instead, apply procedures of the basic not appropriate for mitigacy's normal jurisdictions. NEGATIVE (Possible only for Unlisted Agencies and Select Lead Agency imposed within an agency's norm the determination of significance procedure is not within an agency's CONDITIONED EAF SEQR process CND Unlisted Action By Applicant



# SEQR FLOW CHART AND TIME FRAMES



New York State
Department of Environmental Conservation
Division of Environmental Permits



### **Basic SEQR Process**

The Division of Environmental Permits central and regional offices listed on the next panel can answer questions and provide you with information to help you learn about SEQR procedures and requirements.

These references are available:

- The statewide SEQR regulations, 6 NYCRR Part 617 (the latest revision effective January 1, 2019)
- The SEQR Cookbook—a step-by-step discussion of the basic SEQR process
- SEQR Handbook—https://www.dec.ny.gov/permits/6188.html
- **SEQR EAF Workbooks** https://www.dec.ny.gov/permits/90125.html
- Citizen's Guide to SEQR

TO SEQR?

CONDITIONED NEGATIVE

DECLARATION OPTION

REVIEW

TYPE II

ACTION

- Local Official's Guide to SEQR
- DEC SEQR website: https://www.dec.ny.gov/permits/357.html

**Region 1** (Nassau, Suffolk counties)

50 Circle Road, Stony Brook, NY 11790

(631) 444-0355

Region 2 (all of New York City)

One Hunters Point Plaza, 47-40 21st Street

Long Island City, NY 11101

(718) 482-4997

Region 3 (Dutchess, Orange, Putnam, Rockland, Sullivan,

Ulster, Westchester counties)

21 South Putt Corners Road, New Paltz, NY 12561

(845) 256-3054

Region 4 (Albany, Columbia, Delaware, Greene,

Montgomery, Otsego, Rensselaer, Schenectady, Schoharie counties)

1150 North Westcott Road, Schenectady, NY 12306 (518) 357-2069

**Region 5** (Clinton, Essex, Franklin, Fulton, Hamilton, Saratoga, Warren, Washington counties)

1115 Route 86, PO Box 296, Ray Brook, NY 12977 (518) 897-1234

Region 6 (Herkimer, Jefferson, Lewis, Oneida, St.

Lawrence counties)

 ${\it State Office Building, 317 Washington Street}$ 

Watertown, NY 13601

(315) 785-2245

Region 7 (Broome, Cayuga, Chenango, Cortland,

Madison, Onondaga, Oswego, Tioga, Tompkins counties)

615 Erie Boulevard ,West Syracuse, NY 13204

(315) 426-7438

Region 8 (Chemung, Genesee, Livingston, Monroe,

Ontario, Orleans, Schuyler, Seneca, Steuben, Wayne,

Yates counties)

6274 East Avon-Lima Road, Avon, NY 14414

(585) 226-2466

Region 9 (Allegany, Cattaraugus, Chautauqua, Erie,

Niagara, Wyoming counties)

270 Michigan Avenue, Buffalo, NY 14203

(716) 851-7165

**Central Office, Environmental Permits** 

625 Broadway 4th Floor, Albany, NY 12233

(518) 402-9167